Peripersonal space as the interface between the Self and the environment.

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Any physical interaction between our self and the external environment is mediated by our body and usually occurs in a limited sector of space surrounding the body, termed Peripersonal Space (PPS). Our brain has developed a specific machinery to represent PPS, by integrating somatosensory inputs on the body, with visual or auditory stimuli occurring close to the body. My research focuses on the functional and neural mechanisms of PPS representation in humans.

I have developed behavioural methods to measure the extent and the properties of PPS representaiton, and I have found that it can be conceived as a multisensory integrative "bubble" all around us (1,2). By using different neuroimaging techniques, I have identified specific fronto-parietal areas dedicated to represent PPS in humans (3-5).

Interestingly, PPS representation is plastic, as its boundaries shape as a function of the way we interact with the environment. The PPS "bubble" extends after using a tool to reach the far space (6), shrinks in case of amputation (7) or prolonged immobilization (8), can incorporate prosthesis and even electronic devices (9).

Finally, PPS mediates not only physical interaction with objects, but it is involved also in more abstract interaction between self and others, since PPS boundaries are sensitive to the presence of and interaction with other people (10).

Based on these results, I argue that PPS is multi-sensory-motor interface, mediating interactions between the Self and the environment.



Keywords:

Multisensory integration Sensorimotor processing Body representation Neural plasticity

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